## EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA

THIRD REGULAR SESSION, 2014

CONGRESSIONAL BILL NO. 18-134, C.D.1,

C.D.2

P.C. NO. 18-454

PUBLIC LAW NO. 18-108

## AN ACT

To further amend chapters 1, 5, and 9 of title 24 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as amended, by adding "Shark" and "Shark Fin" to the Definition section in chapter 1; by adding a new section 503 and by renumbering existing sections 503 as section 504 in chapter 5, for the purpose of requiring that all vessels land their by catch at port; by amending sections 913 and 914 in chapter 9 to prohibit the practice of shark finning and extend civil penalties to apply to such violations, by modifying what is considered as destruction of evidence, and for other purposes."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 102 of Title 24 of the Code of the
- 2 Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No.
- 3 12-34, is hereby amended to read as follows:
- "Section 102. <u>Definitions</u>. In this subtitle, except
  where otherwise specified, the following terms shall have
  the meanings stated below:
- (1) 'Access agreement' means a treaty, agreement or

  arrangement entered into by the Authority pursuant to this

  act in relation to access to the exclusive economic zone

  for fishing by foreign fishing vessels, and includes

  bilateral and multilateral instruments applicable at the

  national, multilateral instruments applicable at the

  national, sub regional, regional or international level.
  - (2) 'Administrator' means the director of a regional fisheries agency or any other organization or person authorized, pursuant to section 106 of chapter 1 of this

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2	fisheries management agreement to which the Federated
3	States of Micronesia is party.
4	(3) 'Agent' includes a person appointed or designated
5	by a foreign fishing company to act as the legal
6	representative of that company within the Federated States
7	of Micronesia, including acceptance of and response to
8	legal process, pursuant to section 404(4) (a) of chapter 4
9	of this subtitle.
10	(4) 'Aircraft' means any craft capable of self-sustained
11	movement through the atmosphere and includes helicopters.
12	(5) 'Atoll' means a naturally formed coral reef system
13	which has one or more islands situated on the reef system,
14	including, but not limited to, Ngulu, Ulithi, Sorol,
15	Eauripi, Woleai, Faraulep, Ifalik, Olaimarao, Elato,

subtitle, to administer a fisheries access agreement or

(6) 'Authority' means the National Oceanic Resource
Management Authority established by section 201 of chapter
2 of this subtitle.

Lamotrek, West Fayu, Puluwat, Pulap, Pulusuk, Nomonuito,

Kuop, Nomowin, Murilo, Losap, Namoluk, Satawan, Etal,

Lukunor, Minto Reef, Oroluk, Nukuoro, Kapingamarangi,

Pakin, Ant, Sapwuahfik, Mwoakilloa and Pingelap.

(7) 'Authority observer' means any person authorized in writing by the Authority to act as an observer on fishing vessels for the purposes of this subtitle, including any

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1	observer authorized pursuant to the provisions of an
2	access agreement or a fisheries management agreement.
3	(8) 'Authorized officers' means any person or category
4	of persons designated pursuant to section 602 of chapter 6
5	of this subtitle as an authorized officer.
6	(9) 'Automatic location communicator' or 'transponder'
7	means a device placed on a fishing vessel that transmits,
8	either in conjunction with another device or devices or
9	independently, information concerning the position,
10	fishing and other activities of the vessel.
11	(10) 'Based in the Federated States of Micronesia' means
12	using land-based facilities in the Federated States of
13	Micronesia to support fishing, including location of the
14	home port of a vessel in the Federated States of
15	Micronesia, landing or transshipping all fish harvested
16	within the exclusive economic zone and/or operating under
17	a joint venture arrangement in the Federated States of
18	Micronesia, or under arrangements where the operator of a
19	vessel is participating in shore-based developments or is
20	otherwise making a substantial contribution to the
21	development of the domestic tuna industry.
22	(11) 'Buy' includes:
23	(a) barter or attempt to barter'

(b) purchase or attempt to purchase;

(c) receive on account or consignment;

1	(d) purchase or barter for future goods or for
2	any consideration of value; and
3	(e) purchase or barter as an agent for another
4	person, and 'buyer' shall have a corresponding meaning.
5	(12) 'Citizen' means a person who is a citizen of the
6	Federated States of Micronesia.
7	(13) 'Closed area' means an area in which fishing is
8	prohibited.
9	(14) 'Closed season' means a period of time during
10	which fishing is prohibited.
11	(15) 'Commercial fishing' means any fishing resulting
12	or intending or appearing to result in the sale or trade
13	of any fish, which may be taken during the fishing
14	operation, and does not include subsistence fishing.
15	For the purposes of this act, the following shall be
16	presumed to be commercial fishing:
17	(a) use of a vessel for fishing, which measures
18	twenty seven (27) feet or more in overall length;
19	(b) use of more than one vessel for fishing which
20	is owned by a single person for the primary purpose of
21	selling or trading any fish.
22	(16) 'Commercial pilot fishing' means any fishing for
23	the purpose of testing the commercial viability of (a)
24	new fishing methods;
25	(b) developing new stocks of fish; or

1	(c) fishing in previously unexploited areas.
2	(17) 'Court' means the Supreme Court of the Federated
3	States of Micronesia.
4	(18) 'Domestic fishing' means any fishing by a local
5	fishing vessel longer than twenty-seven (27) feet in
6	overall length, but not including commercial pilot
7	fishing.
8	(19) (Reserved)
9	(20) (Reserved)
10	(21) 'Drift net' means a gillnet or other net or
11	arrangement of nets which is more than 2.5 kilometers
12	(1.56 miles) in length, the purpose of which is to
13	enmesh, entrap or entangle fish.
14	(22) 'Drift net fishing activities' includes fishing
15	with the use of a drift net and any related activities
16	including transporting, transshipping and processing any
17	drift net catch, and provisioning of food, fuel and
18	other supplies for vessels used or outfitted for drift
19	net fishing.
20	(23) 'Exclusive economic zone' means the exclusive
21	economic zone as defined in title 18 of the Code of the
22	Federated States of Micronesia.
23	(24) 'Executive Director' means the individual
24	appointed by the Authority to be in charge of the daily
25	activities and operation of the authority and to perform

1	such other functions as required by this subtitle.
2	(25) "Export' means to:
3	(a) send or take out of the country;
4	(b) attempt to send or take out of the country;
5	(c) receive on account or consignment for
6	purposes of paragraph (a) or (b) above;
7	(d) act as an agent for another person for
8	purposes of (a) through (c) above; and
9	(e) carry or transport anything for purposes of
10	paragraphs (a) through (d) of this subsection, and
11	'exporter' shall have a corresponding meaning.
12	(26) 'Fish' means any living marine resources.
13	(27) 'Fish' aggregating device' means any man-made or
14	partly man-made floating or semi-submerged device,
15	whether anchored or not, intended for the purpose of
16	aggregating fish, and includes any natural floating
17	object on which a device has been placed to facilitate
18	its location.
19	(28) 'Fish processing' means the producing of any
20	substance or article from fish by any method and
21	includes the cutting up, dismembering, cleaning,
22	sorting, lining, freezing, canning, salting, preserving
23	and reduction of fish.
24	(29) 'Fisheries management agreement' means any
25	agreement, arrangement or treaty in force to which the

1	Federated States of Micronesia is a party, not including
2	any access agreement, which has as its primary purpose
3	cooperation in or coordination of fisheries management
4	measures in all or part of the region, or implementation
5	of a multilateral access agreement, including, but not
6	limited to, fisheries monitoring, control and
7	surveillance and establishing criteria or requirements
8	for fishing and fisheries access.
9	(30) 'Fishery' or 'Fisheries' means one or more stock
10	of fish or any fishing operation based on such stocks,
11	which can be treated as a unit for purposes of
12	conservation and management, taking into account
13	geographical, scientific, technical, recreational,
14	economic and other relevant characteristics.
15	(31) 'Fishery waters' means the exclusive economic
16	zone, the territorial sea and internal waters as
17	described in title 18 of the Code of the Federated
18	States of Micronesia, and any other waters over which
19	the Federated States of Micronesia claims sovereignty or
20	sovereign Rights.
21	(32) 'Fishing' means:
22	(a) the actual or attempted searching for,
23	catching, taking or harvesting of fish;
24	(b) any activity, which can reasonably be

expected to result in the locating, catching, taking or

1	harvesting of fish,
2	(c) the placing, searching for or recovering of
3	any fish aggregating device or associated electronic
4	equipment such as radio beacons;
5	(d) any operation at sea directly in support of
6	or in preparation for any activity described in this
7	subsection except for operations defined as related
8	activities in subsection (51) of this section; and
9	(e) the use of an aircraft in relation to any
10	activity described in this subsection except for flights
11	in emergencies involving the health or safety of crew
12	members or the safety of a vessel.
13	(33) 'Fishing gear' means any equipment, implement, or
14	other thing that can be used in the act of fishing,
15	including any fishing net, rope, line, float, trap,
16	hook, winch, boat, beacon or locating device, aircraft
17	or helicopter.
18	(34) 'Fishing vessel' means any vessel, boat, ship or
19	other craft, which is used for, equipped to be used for
20	or of a type that is normally used for fishing as the
21	terms fishing is defined in subsection (32) of this
22	section.
23	(35) 'Flag fishing vessel' means any foreign fishing
24	vessel that is registered in the Federated States of
25	Micronesia pursuant to title 18 of the Code of the FSM

1	and any domestic fishing vessel.
2	(36) 'Foreign fishing' means any fishing not defined as
3	domestic fishing, and not including commercial pilot
4	fishing or fishing from a local fishing vessel less than
5	or equal to twenty-seven (27) feet in overall length.
6	(37) 'Foreign fishing vessel' means any fishing vessel
7	other than a local fishing vessel.
8	(38) 'Foreign party' means a noncitizen party to an
9	access agreement or a party to an access agreement that
10	is at least twenty percent foreign-owned.
11	(39) 'Foreign recreational fishing' means fishing using
12	a foreign fishing vessel for recreational or sport
13	purposes.
14	(40) 'High seas' means all parts of the sea that are
15	not included in the exclusive economic zone, in the
16	territorial sea, or in the internal water of any nation,
17	or in the archipelagic waters of an archipelagic nation.
18	(41) 'Internal waters' means waters on the landward
19	side of the baseline of the territorial sea of any
20	island within the Federated States of Micronesia.
21	(42) 'Island' means a naturally formed area of land
22	surrounded by water, which is above water at high tide.
23	(43) 'Local fishing vessel' means any fishing vessel
24	wholly owned and controlled by:
25	(a) the Government of the Federated States of

1	Micronesia, any State government or any subdivision
2	thereof;
3	(b) one or more natural persons who are citizens
4	of the Federated States of Micronesia;
5	(c) any corporation, company, society, or other
6	association of persons incorporated or established under
7	the laws of the Federated States of Micronesia or of any
8	State and which is wholly owned and controlled by one or
9	more of the entities or persons described in paragraphs
10	(a) through (c) of this subsection.
11	(44) 'Master' in relation to any fishing vessel means
12	the person in charge or apparently in charge of that
13	vessel.
14	(45) 'Multilateral access agreement' means an access
15	agreement between a foreign party and one or more
16	regional parties, to which the Federated States of
17	Micronesia is a party.
18	(46) 'Officer' means any authorized officer or national
19	police officer, and includes any officer of a vessel or
20	aircraft used for the enforcement of this act, whether
21	or not such officers are official of the Government of
22	the Federated States of Micronesia or of one of the four
23	State governments.
24	(47) 'Operator' means any person who is in charge of or
25	directors or controls a fishing vessel, or for whose

1	direct economic or financial benefit a vessel is being
2	used, including the master, owner, and charterer.
3	(48) 'Owner' in relation to a fishing vessel means any
4	person exercising or discharging or claiming the right
5	or accepting the obligation to exercise or discharge any
6	of the powers or duties of an owner, whether on his own
7	behalf or on behalf of another, and includes a person
8	who owns the vessel jointly with any other person or
9	persons and any manager, director or secretary of any
10	corporate body or company that holds an ownership
11	interest in the vessel.
12	(49) 'Permit' means any permit issued under this
13	subtitle or under an access agreement entered into
14	pursuant to this subtitle.
15	(50) 'Person' means any natural person or business
16	enterprise and includes, but is not limited to, a
17	corporation, partnership, cooperative, association, the
18	government of any of the four States, or any political
19	subdivision thereof, and any foreign government,
20	subdivision of such government or other entity.
21	(51) 'Port sampler' means a category of authorized
22	observer who performs duties at a point of transshipment
23	or port Micronesia.
24	(52) 'Recreational fishing' means fishing for sport or
25	leisure.

1	(53) 'Region' means that area of land and ocean which
2	falls within the sovereignty and sovereign rights of the
3	member countries of the South Pacific Forum Fisheries
4	Agency, whose headquarters are located in Honiara,
5	Solomon Islands, and includes high seas within such
6	area, and for the purposes of data collection, includes
7	that area of the Western and Central Pacific Ocean which
8	falls within the jurisdiction and sovereign rights of
9	the member countries of the Secretariat of the Pacific
10	Community located in Noumea, New Caledonia, and
11	'regional' shall have a corresponding meaning.
12	(54) 'Regional access license' means a regional access
13	license issued to any fishing vessel of a party to a
14	multilateral access agreement or fisheries management
15	agreement, in accordance with such agreement.
16	(55) 'Related activities' in relation to fishing means:
17	(a) transshipment;
18	(b) refueling or supplying fishing vessels,
19	selling or supplying fishing equipment, or performing
20	either activity in support of fishing; and
21	(c) on-shore storing, buying or processing fish
22	or fish products from the time they are first landed.
23	(57) 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Department
24	of Justice.
25	(58) 'Sell' includes the exchange of any fish or fish

1	product or other thing for cash or for anything, which
2	has value or which can be exchanged for cash, and
3	includes any exchange by barter.
4	(59) 'Shark' means any fish of the taxon Elasmobranchii
5	(60) 'Shark Fin' means any fin of a shark including
6	caudal fins
7	(61) 'Stock of fish' means a species, subspecies or
8	other category of fish identified on the basis of
9	geographical, scientific, technical, recreational and
10	economic characteristics which can be treated as a unit
11	for purposes of conservation and management.
12	(62) 'Subsistence fishing' means fishing by a citizen
13	or a resident substantially for personal consumption,
14	and does not include any fishing resulting or intending
15	or appearing to result, directly or indirectly, in the
16	sale or trading of any fish which may be taken during
17	the fishing operations.
18	(63) 'Transponder' or 'automatic location communicator'
19	means a device placed on a fishing vessel that
20	transmits, either in conjunction with another device or
21	devices or independently, information concerning the
22	position, fishing and other activities of the vessel.
23	(64) 'Transshipment' means the transfer of any or all
24	fish or fish products to or from any vessel or aircraft
25	for the purposes of transporting such fish or fish

1	products elsewhere.
2	(65) 'United Nations Agreement' means the agreement fo
3	the implementation of the provisions of the United
4	Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December
5	1992 relating to the conservation and management of
6	straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks
7	(67) 'Vehicle' means any car, truck, van, bus, trailer
8	or other powered land conveyance.
9	(68) 'Vessel' means any boat, ship, canoe or other
10	water-going craft."
11	Section 2. Chapter 5 of title 24 of the Code of the
12	Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No.
13	12-34, is hereby amended by adding a new section 503 to read as
14	follows:
15	"Section 503. Compulsory landing of by-catch by fishing
16	vessels.
17	(1) By-catch caught by a fishing vessel may be landed
18	at a transshipment port in the Federated States of
19	Micronesia in accordance with any regulation promulgate
20	pursuant to this act.
21	(2) It shall be unlawful for fishing vessels to
22	retain, discard or otherwise dispose of by-catch in
23	contravention of this section.

1	(3) Any person who commits an act in violation of this
2	section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less
3	than \$100,000 and not more than \$500,000.
4	(4) Any by-catch pursuant to this title may be
5	disposed of in such manner as prescribed by regulation."
6	Section 3. Chapter 5 of title 24 of the Code of the
7	Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 12-
8	34, is hereby amended by renumbering section 503 as section 504.
9	Section 4. Chapter 5 of title 24 of the Code of the Federated
L O	States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 12-34, is hereby
L1	amended by renumbering section 504 as section 505.
L2	Section 5. Section 913 of Chapter 9 of title 24 of the Code
L3	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
L4	No. 12-34, is hereby amended to read as follows:
L5	"Section 913. Possession, handling and sale of fish,
L6	shark, or shark fin, unlawfully taken.
L7	(1) No person shall knowingly capture ship, transport,
L8	offer for sale sell, purchase, import, export or have
L9	custody, control or possession of any fish taken or
20	retained in contravention of this subtitle or any access
21	agreement, permit or applicable law.
22	(2) It shall be unlawful to remove shark fins from
23	sharks on board fishing vessels, and to retain on board,
24	transship or land sharks or shark fins, subject to
) 5	subsections $(4)$ and $(6)$

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1	(3) It shall be unlawful for fishing vessels to possess
2	wire leaders, steel trace, or wire trace."
3	(4) All sharks caught by a fishing vessel shall be
4	either: (a) if still alive, immediately released back
5	into the ocean. Fishing vessels must ensure that sharks
6	are released whole, and that sharks are not
7	unnecessarily harmed during the release process; or (b)
8	if dead, landed at a transshipment port in the Federated
9	States of Micronesia. Fishing vessels must ensure that
LO	sharks are landed whole with all shark fins attached to
L1	the carcass PROVIDED THAT Purse Seine vessels shall be
L2	exempted from the application of subsection 913(4)(b)
13	for six months from the effective date of this act.
L4	(5) It shall be unlawful to purchase, offer for sale
L5	or sell sharks or shark parts, including shark fins
L6	which have been removed on board a vessel, transshipped
L7	or landed in contravention of this section.
L8	(6) Any person who holds a license or permit from the
L9	Authority to conduct scientific research on sharks and
20	carries out activities in accordance with that license
21	or permit shall not be held in contravention of this
22	section."

than \$50,000 and not more than \$250,000.

(7) Any person who commits an act in violation of this

section shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less

1	(8) It shall be a rebuttable presumption that any
2	sharks caught or shark fins possessed by a fishing
3	vessel originated from the EEZ of the Federated States
4	of Micronesia.
5	(9) All shark or shark fins seized and forfeited shall
6	be destroyed by incineration."
7	Section 6. Section 914 of chapter 9 of title 24 of the Code
8	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
9	No. 12-34, is hereby further amended to read as follows:
10	Section 914. <u>Destruction of evidence</u>
11	(1) No person shall destroy, dispose of, conceal,
12	tamper with or abandon any fish, shark, shark fin, fish
13	product, fishing gear, net or other fish appliance,
14	record, document, electric shock device, explosive,
15	poison or other noxious substance, or any other thing
16	with intent to avoid seizure or the detection of an
17	offense against this subtitle.
18	(2) Any person who commits an act in violation of this
19	section is subject to a civil penalty of not less than
20	\$100,000 and not more than \$500,000."
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23	Section 7. This act shall become law upon approval by the
24	President of the Federated States of Micronesia or upon its becoming

25 law without such approval.

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4	<u>February 25</u> , 2015
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8	/s/ Manny Mori
9	Manny Mori President
10	Federated States of Micronesia
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